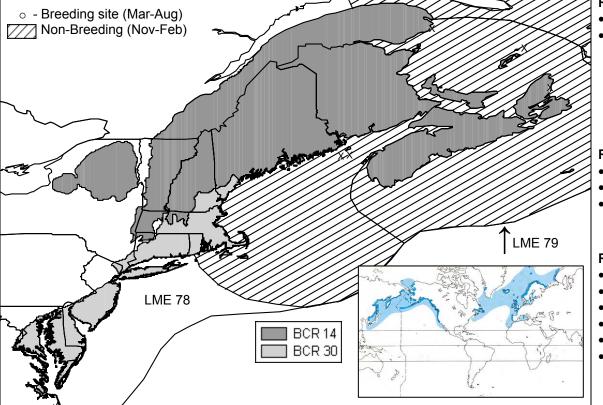
## **COMMON MURRE** (Uria aalge aalge)

Conservation Status: Abundance (b=breeding, nb=nonbreeding, t=total individuals), Population Importance (% reference population) and Conservation Rank							
Global	North America	BCR 14	BCR 30	Mid-Atlantic	S. New England	Gulf of Maine	Maritimes
?	4,250,000t	63,200b	0b	0b	0b	?b	63,200b
	(? % global)	(6% NA)	(0% NA)	(0% MANEM)	(0% MANEM)	(? % MANEM)	(100% MANEM)
IUCN-	NAWCP-	Moderate	Moderate	NJ- SZN; DE- no info;	NY- no info; CT, RI,	MA-S?; NH-SZN; ME-SXB,	QC- S4; NB- S1B, S3N;
Not Evaluated	Moderate Concern			MD, VA - no info	VT -no info; MA-S?	S1N; NB- S1B, S3N; NS- S4N	PEI- SZN; NS- S4N
				////	//// Decien	I Coourrence IPCDs 14 (LME	9) 20 /LME 7)1



## Regional Occurrence [BCRs 14 (LME 8), 30 (LME 7)]

- Distribution: breeds in BCR 14; winters in LMEs 8, 7
- Habitats used: coastal cliff ledges (breeding); pelagic and along rocky seacoasts (non-breeding); seen foraging at 10km (possibly dives up to 60m or more); unknown commuting range (thought to range between 50-150 km, but this could be an overestimate)

NAWCP BD=3; NAWCP ND=2

## **Regional Abundance**

- 1990s: US—unknown; CAN—63,200b
- 1970s: unknown
- % change in regional population: unknown

NAWCP PS=1; NAWCP PT=3

## **Regional Threats/Limiting Factors**

- Predation by arctic fox
- Interaction with gulls
- Oil spills, chemical contamination
- Mortality in gill nets
- Increased sea temperatures and global warming
- Human disturbance

NAWCP TB=4; NAWCP TN=4

**Conservation Needs**: Sustainability: 0.7-0.9 chicks/pair/ yr; Conservation Actions: Determine effect of harvest in northern Canada (currently unknown); Needs: monitor, habitat management; Population Goals: restore (increase) to 56,900-69,500b; Habitat Goals: TBD